SUP 1

A compound having a formula A:

X NA

(formula A)

wherein X is selected from the group consisting of

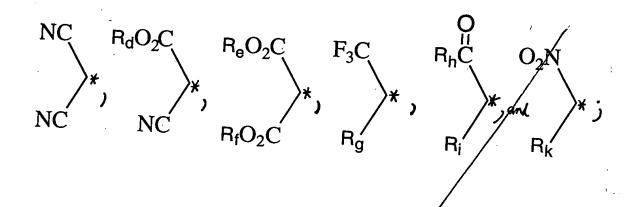
$$R_m$$
 $R_q$ 
 $R_r$ 
 $R_r$ 

$$R_u$$
  $R_w$   $R_x$   $R_x$ 

wherein D is selected from the group consisting of  $NR_aR_b$ ,  $OR_a$ ,  $SR_a$ ,  $PR_aR_b$ , and  $R_c$ ;

and

wherein A is selected from the group consisting of:



wherein  $R_a$ ,  $R_b$ , and  $R_c$  are the same or different and are each independently selected from the group consisting of: H; a linear, branched, or cyclic alkyl group;  $-(CH_2CH_2O)_{\alpha}-(CH_2)_{\beta}OR_{A1}$ ;  $-(CH_2CH_2O)_{\alpha}-(CH_2)_{\beta}NR_{A2}R_{A3}$ ;  $-(CH_2CH_2O)_{\alpha}-(CH_2)_{\beta}CN$ ;  $-(CH_2CH_2O)_{\alpha}-(CH_2)_{\beta}Cl$ ;  $-(CH_2CH_2O)_{\alpha}-(CH_2)_{\beta}Br$ ;  $-(CH_2CH_2O)_{\alpha}-(CH_2)_{\beta}I$ ;  $-(CH_2CH_2O)_{\alpha}-(CH_2)_{\beta}-Phenyl$ ;  $-(CH_2CH_2O)_{\alpha}-(CH_2CH_2O)_{\alpha}-(CH_2)_{\beta}-Phenyl$ ;

wherein  $R_d$ ,  $R_e$ ,  $R_f$ ,  $R_l$ ,  $R_m$ ,  $R_n$ ,  $R_o$ ,  $R_p$ ,  $R_q$ ,  $R_r$ ,  $R_t$ ,  $R_u$ ,  $R_v$ ,  $R_w$ , and  $R_x$  are the same or different and are each independently selected from the group consisting of: H; a linear, branched, or cyclic hydrocarbon group that is saturated or unsaturated; a linear, branched, or cyclic alkyl group;  $-(CH_2CH_2O)_{\alpha}-(CH_2)_{\beta}OR_{A1}$ ;  $-(CH_2CH_2O)_{\alpha}-(CH_2)_{\beta}NR_{A2}R_{A3}$ ;

 $-(CH_{2}CH_{2}O)_{\alpha}-(CH_{2})_{\beta}CN; -(CH_{2}CH_{2}O)_{\alpha}-(CH_{2})_{\beta}Cl; -(CH_{2}CH_{2}O)_{\alpha}-(CH_{2})_{\beta}Br;$ 

 $-(CH_2CH_2O)_{\alpha}-(CH_2)_{\beta}I; -(CH_2CH_2O)_{\alpha}-(CH_2)_{\beta}-Phenyl; -(CH_2)_{\alpha}(CF_2)_{\gamma}CF_3; \text{ and an aryl group; }$ 

wherein  $R_g$ ,  $R_h$ ,  $R_i$ , and  $R_k$  are the same or different and are each independently selected from the group consisting of: H; a linear, branched, or cyclic hydrocarbon group that is saturated or unsaturated; a linear, branched, or cyclic alkyl group;  $-(CH_2CH_2O)_{\alpha}-(CH_2)_{\beta}OR_{A1}$ ;

 $-(CH_2CH_2O)_{\alpha} - (CH_2)_{\beta}NR_{A2}R_{A3}; -(CH_2CH_2O)_{\alpha} - (CH_2)_{\beta}CN;$ 

 $-(CH_2CH_2O)_{\alpha}-(CH_2)_{\beta}CI; -(CH_2CH_2O)_{\alpha}-(CH_2)_{\beta}Br; -(CH_2CH_2O)_{\alpha}-(CH_2)_{\beta}I;$ 

 $-(CH_2CH_2O)_{\alpha}-(CH_2)_{\beta}-Phenyl; \ an \ aryl \ group; \ -(CH_2)_{\alpha}(CF_2)_{\gamma}CF_3; \ -CO_2R_d; \ and \ -COR_d;$ 

wherein each aryl group is optionally independently selected from the group consisting of

wherein  $R_{A1}$ ,  $R_{A2}$ ,  $R_{A3}$ ,  $R_{A4}$ ,  $R_{A5}$ ,  $R_{A6}$ /  $R_{A7}$ , and  $R_{A8}$  are the same or different and are each independently selected from the group consisting of H, a linear alkyl group, a branched alkyl group, and a cyclic alkyl group;

wherein E is selected from the group consisting of S, O, and  $NR_s$ ;

wherein the alkyl group is optionally substituted or unsubstituted and optionally includes up to 25 carbon atoms;

wherein  $\alpha$  is an integer that is greater than or equal to 0 and less than or equal to 25;

wherein  $\beta$  is an integer that is greater than or equal to 0 and less than or equal to 25; and

wherein  $\gamma$  is an integer that is greater than or equal to 0 and less than or equal to 25.

- 2. A compound as claimed in Claim 1, wherein  $R_1$ ,  $R_m$ ,  $R_n$ ,  $R_o$ ,  $R_p$ ,  $R_q$ ,  $R_r$ ,  $R_t$ ,  $R_u$ ,  $R_v$ ,  $R_w$ , and  $R_x$  are each H; wherein A is C(CN)(CN); and wherein D is  $R_y$  or  $OR_y$ , wherein  $R_y$  is selected from the group consisting of the linear alkyl group, the branched alkyl group, the cyclic alkyl group, and the aryl group.
- 3. A compound as claimed in Claim 1, wherein the compound is selected from the group consisting of  $\Lambda$

$$CH_3$$
 $CH_3$ 
 $CH_3$ 

(II)

(IV)

- 4. A liquid-crystal dopant comprising a compound as claimed in Claim 1.
- 5. A liquid-crystal dopant comprising a compound as claimed in Claim 2.
- 6. A liquid-crystal dopant comprising a compound as claimed in Claim 3.
- 7. A liquid-crystal dopant having at about 20-30°C an absorption loss in the visible region of less than or equal to about 5%; having at about 20-30°C a dielectric anistropy of greater than about 50; and having at about 20-30°C a viscosity lower than about 50 centi-poise.
- 8. A composition comprising a liquid-crystal mixture and a liquid-crystal dopant as claimed in Claim 7, wherein the composition at about 20-30°C has a  $\partial n/\partial T$  larger than about 0.005, wherein n is a refractive index of the composition at a visible wavelength and T is a temperature of the composition in °C.
- 9. A composition comprising a liquid-crystal mixture and a compound as claimed in Claim 1.
- 10. A composition as claimed in Claim 9, wherein the compound comprises less than or equal to about 50% by weight of the composition.
- 11. A method for reducing an operation voltage of a liquidcrystal mixture, the method comprising adding the compound claimed in Claim 1 to the liquid-crystal mixture.

12. A method as claimed in Claim 11, wherein an amount of the compound is added to and mixed with the liquid-crystal mixture to yield a resulting mixture, wherein the amount of the compound is less than or equal to about 50% by weight of the resulting mixture.

13. A method for tuning a clearing temperature of a liquidcrystal mixture, the method comprising adding the compound claimed in Claim 1 to the liquid-crystal mixture.

- 14. A method as claimed in Claim 13, wherein an amount of the compound is added to and mixed with the liquid-crystal mixture to yield a resulting mixture, wherein the amount of the compound is less than or equal to about 50% by weight of the resulting mixture.
- 15. A method for tuning birefringence of a liquid-crystal mixture, the method comprising adding the compound claimed in Claim 1 to the liquid-crystal mixture.
- 16. A method as claimed in Claim 15, wherein an amount of the compound is added to and mixed with the liquid-crystal mixture to yield a resulting mixture, wherein the amount of the compound is less than or equal to about 50% by weight of the resulting mixture.
- 17. A method for increasing a  $\partial n/\partial T$  of a liquid-crystal mixture, the method comprising adding the compound claimed in Claim 1 to the liquid-crystal mixture to yield a resulting mixture, wherein the resulting mixture at about 20-30°C has a  $\partial n/\partial T$  larger than about 0.005, wherein n is a refractive index of the resulting

mixture and T is a temperature of the resulting mixture in °C.

18. A method as claimed in Claim 17, wherein an amount of the compound is added to and mixed with the liquid-crystal mixture to yield the resulting mixture, wherein the amount of the compound is less than or equal to about 50% by weight of the resulting mixture.

19. A compound as claimed in Claim 1, wherein wherein when D is NR<sub>a</sub>R<sub>b</sub>, then α is greater than or equal to 1 and less than or equal to 25;

wherein when  $R_1$ ,  $R_m$ ,  $R_n$ ,  $R_q$ , and  $R_r$  are each H, and  $R_o$ ,  $R_p$ , and D are each -CH3, A is not C(CN)(CN);

wherein when  $R_1$ ,  $R_n$ ,  $R_n$ ,  $R_o$ , and  $R_p$  are each H, and  $R_q$ ,  $R_r$ , and D are each -CH<sub>3</sub>, A is not C(CN)(CN);

wherein when  $R_1$ ,  $R_o$ ,  $R_p$ ,  $R_q$ , and  $R_r$  are each H, and  $R_n$ ,  $R_m$ , and D are each -CH, A is not C(CN)(CN); and

wherein when  $\rm R_1,\ R_m,\ R_n,\ R_o,\ R_p,\ R_q,\ and\ R_r$  are each H, and D is -CH\_3, A is not C(CN)(CN).

20. A composition as claimed in Claim 9, wherein the composition is a liquidcrystal composition.

AND AND